

## VARIMETER RCM Residual Current Monitor IR 5882

Translation  
of the original instructions



0283270



With internal residual current transf.

### Product Description

The residual current monitor IR 5882 of the VARIMETER RCM series is used for early detection of insulation faults and detects residual currents with alternating currents and pulsating direct currents in earthed systems (type A). The residual current measurement is carried out via an integrated current transformer. In contrast to the residual current circuit breaker, the residual current monitor IR 5882 does not immediately switch off the mains when a fault is detected, but only indicates the fault. LEDs indicate operational readiness, pre-alarm and alarm. Other features include a check and delete function. The IR 5882 residual current monitor thus offers an information advantage for targeted and cost-effective maintenance measures before the system comes to a standstill.

### Your advantages

- Preventive fire and system protection
- Increasing the availability of plants by early fault detection
- With internal residual current transformer
- Protection against manipulation by sealable transparent cover over setting switches

### Features

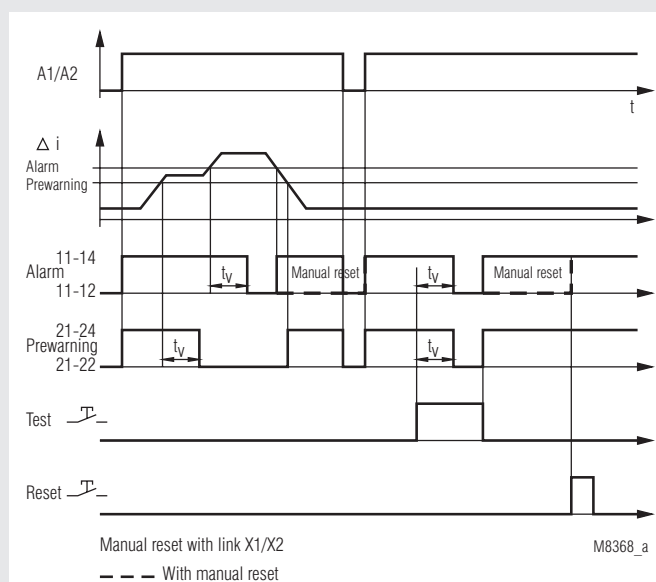
- According to IEC/EN 62020
- For AC and pulsating DC currents Type A to IEC/TR 60755
- 9 tripping values from 10 mA to 10 A or from 10 mA ... 30 A
- Frequency range 20 ... 2000 Hz
- Selection of manual or automatic reset
- With prewarning
- With test and reset button
- Short reaction time
- With adjustable delay  $t_v$
- De-energized on trip
- LED indication for auxiliary supply and state of contact
- 2 x 1 changeover contact
- 63 mm deep with terminals near to the bottom to be mounted in consumer units or industrial distribution systems according to DIN 43880
- Width 105 mm
- With internal residual current transformer

### Approvals and Markings



\*) For IR 5882

### Function Diagram



### Application

Detection of insulation faults in grounded voltage systems. The residual current relay is used to maintain electrical plants before faults occur. Decrease in insulation can be detected and indicated early without interruption of operation.

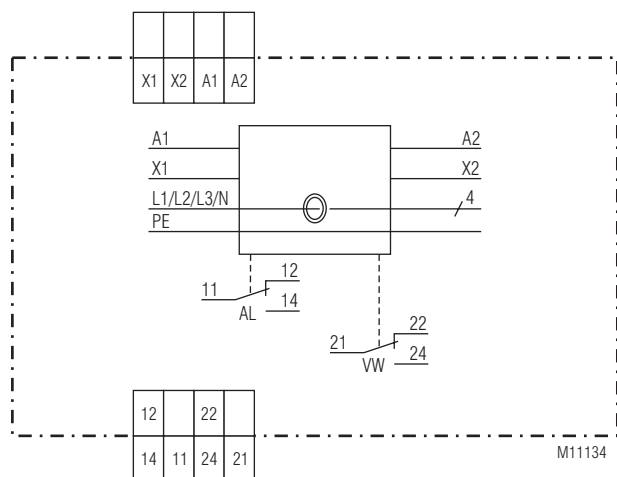
## Function

The function of the IR 5882 can be compared to a fault current circuit breaker unit. It detects and indicates residual currents, but does not disconnect. At the device IR 5882 the residual current transformer is integrated. All conductors of the voltage system to be monitored are run through the CT except the ground wire. In a fault free voltage system the sum of all current is 0 and the CT induces no secondary voltage. If due to an insulation fault a fault current flows to ground, the current difference in the CT creates a measuring current, which is detected and measured by the IR 5882.

The unit has 2 x 1 changeover contacts. Contact 11-12-14 for alarm (AL) and 21-22-24 for prewarning (VW). Prewarning is detected at 70 % of the selected alarm value. With external bridge X1-X2 the alarm is stored and has to be reset by pressing the reset button or by disconnecting the auxiliary supply. Without bridge X1-X2 the unit works with auto-reset and the fault is not stored. With the button "Test" a fault can be simulated (Alarm). Each contact is delayed with an adjustable time delay  $t_v$  (same delay time for alarm and pre-warning).

To avoid unauthorised adjustment of the potentiometers the unit has a transparent cover that could be sealed with laquer. Two holes above the push buttons allow activation of test and reset.

## Circuit Diagram



## Connection terminals

Terminal designation	Signal description
A1, A2	Auxiliary voltage
X1, X2	Control input X1/X2 bridged: With manual reset of alarm X1/X2 not bridged: Without manual reset of alarm (Hysteresis function)
11, 12, 14	1. C/O contact (Alarm)
21, 22, 24	1. C/O contact (Pre-warning)

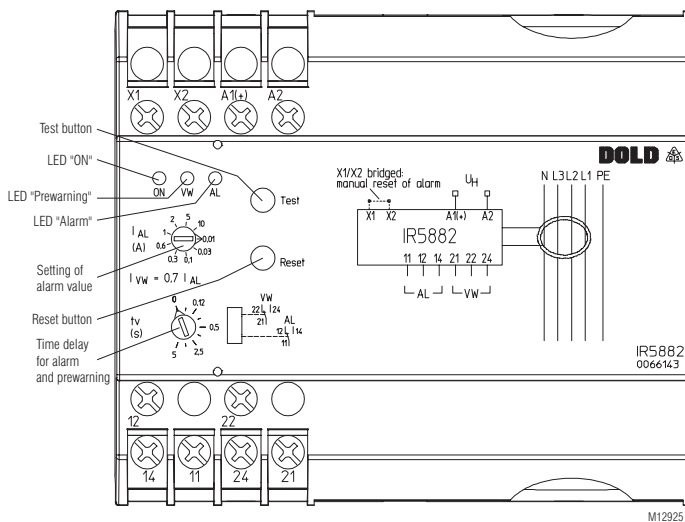
## Indication

Green LED "ON": On, when supply connected  
Red LEDs "VW", "AL": On, when insulation failure (prewarning and alarm)

## Note

If time is set to 0 and a pulsating fault current is flowing (e.g. 1-way rectified) the output relay may flicker because of the short reaction time. By increasing the time delay this effect can be avoided.

## Setting



Technical Data	
<b>Input</b>	
<b>Auxiliary voltage <math>U_H</math>:</b>	AC/DC 24 ... 230 V
<b>Voltage range:</b>	
AC:	0.8 ... 1.1 $U_N$
DC:	0.9 ... 1.25 $U_N$
<b>Nominal frequency <math>U_H</math>:</b>	50 ... 400 Hz
<b>Nominal consumption</b>	
AC 230 V:	4.1 VA
DC 230 V:	1.6 W
AC 24 V:	1.7 VA
DC 24 V:	1.3 W
<b>Measuring value adjustable via rotational switch:</b>	AC 0.01; 0.03 A; 0.1 A; 0.3 A; 0.6 A 1 A; 2 A; 5 A; 10 A or AC 0.01 A, 0.03 A; 0.1 A; 0.3 A; 0.6 A 1 A; 2 A; 7 A; 30 A 20 Hz ... 2 kHz (At failure current < 50 Hz and the function "auto reset", a switching delay $t_v$ must be adjusted, so that the relay does not buzz before switching) Approx. 4 % of trip value, fixed
<b>Frequency range:</b>	$\leq 0 \dots 30 \%$
<b>Hysteresis:</b>	$\leq \pm 1 \%$
<b>Accuracy:</b>	$\leq \pm 0.05 \%$ / K
<b>Repeat accuracy:</b>	10 ... 40 ms
<b>Temperature drift:</b>	0 ... 5 s adjustable (logarithmic scale in order to allow also short time delay to be adjusted without problems)
<b>Reaction time:</b>	
<b>Response delay <math>t_v</math>:</b>	

## Output

<b>Contacts</b>	
IR 5882:	1 changeover contact for Prewarning, 1 changeover contact for Alarm
<b>Thermal current <math>I_{th}</math>:</b>	5 A
<b>Switching capacity</b>	
to AC 15:	
NO contact:	3 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1
NC contact:	1 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1
To DC 13:	
NO contact:	2 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1
NC contact:	1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1
<b>Electrical life</b>	
to AC 15 at 1 A, AC 230 V:	3 x 10 <sup>5</sup> switching cycl. IEC/EN 60947-5-1
<b>Short circuit strength</b>	
<b>max. fuse rating:</b>	4 A gG / gL IEC/EN 60947-5-1
<b>Mechanical life:</b>	$\geq 10^8$ switching cycles

## General Data

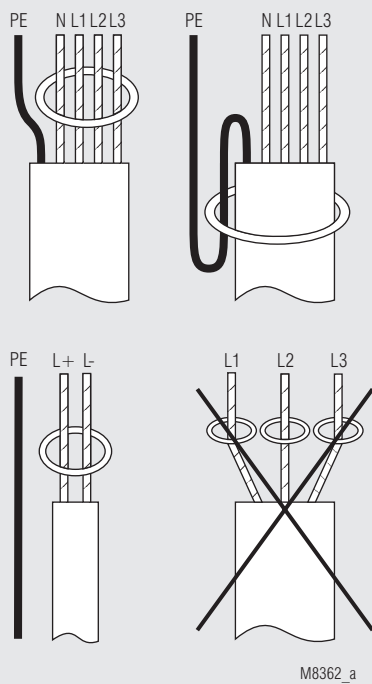
<b>Operating mode:</b>	Continuous
<b>Temperature range</b>	
Operation:	- 20 ... + 60 °C
Storage:	- 25 ... + 70 °C
<b>Altitude:</b>	$\leq 2000$ m
<b>Clearance and creepage distances</b>	
Rated impulse voltage / pollution degree	
Auxiliary voltage / contacts:	4 kV / 2 IEC 60664-1
<b>EMC</b>	
Surge voltages:	Class 3 (5 kV / 0.5 J) DIN VDE0435-303
HF-interference:	Class 3 (2.5 kV) DIN VDE0435-303
Electrostatic discharge:	8 kV (air) IEC/EN 61000-4-2
HF irradiation	IEC/EN 61000-4-3, EN 50121-3-2
80 MHz ... 1 GHz:	20 V / m
1 GHz ... 2.7 GHz:	10 V / m
Fast transients:	4 kV (class 4) IEC/EN 61000-4-4
Surge voltages:	1 kV (class 3) IEC/EN 61000-4-5
HF wire guided:	10 V IEC/EN 61000-4-6
Interference suppression:	Limit value class B EN 55011
<b>Degree of protection:</b>	
Housing:	IP 40 IEC/EN 60529
Terminals:	IP 20 IEC/EN 60529
<b>Housing:</b>	Thermoplastic with V0-behaviour according UL subject 94

Technical Data	
<b>Vibration resistance:</b>	Amplitude 0.35 mm frequency 10 ... 55 Hz IEC/EN 60068-2-6 20 / 060 / 03 IEC/EN 60068-1
<b>Climate resistance:</b>	
<b>Terminal designation:</b>	EN 50005
<b>Wire connection:</b>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> solid or 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> stranded wire with sleeve DIN 46228-1/-2/-3/-4
<b>Wire fixing:</b>	Flat terminals with self-lifting clamping piece IEC/EN 60999-1
<b>Fixing torque:</b>	0.8 Nm
<b>Mounting:</b>	DIN rail IEC/EN 60715
<b>Weight:</b>	Approx. 300 g
<b>Dimensions</b>	
<b>Width x height x depth:</b>	105 x 90 x 63 mm (inner diameter current transformer: 21.5 mm or 28 mm)

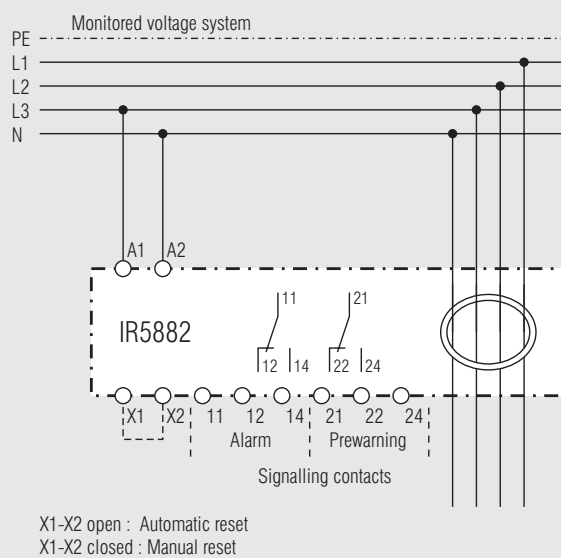
Standard Types	
IR 5882.38 AC/DC 24 ... 230 V 50 / 60 Hz 10 A 5 s	
Article number:	0066743
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Internal residual current transformer (Ø 28 mm)</li> <li>De-energized on trip</li> </ul>	
Auxiliary voltage $U_H$ :	AC/DC 24 ... 230 V
Measuring range:	10 A
Response delay $t_v$ :	5 s
Width:	105 mm

Variant	
<b>Ordering example for variant</b>	
IR 5882 .38 / _ _ _ AC/DC 24 ... 230 V 50/60 Hz 10 A 5 s	
	Response delay
	Measuring range
	Frequency range
	Auxiliary voltage
	Variant, if required
	Contacts
	Type

## Installation of Wires



## Connection Example



## To Avoid Interference with High Starting Currents

